# Package 'emend'

April 1, 2025

Description Provides functions to clean and standardize messy data, including textual cate-

Title Cleaning Text Data with an AI Assistant

**Version** 0.1.0

gories and free-text addresses, using Large Language Models. The package corrects typos, expands abbreviations, and maps inconsistent entries to standardized values. Ideal for Bioinformatics, business, and general data cleaning tasks.
cicense MIT + file LICENSE
Encoding UTF-8
RoxygenNote 7.3.2
mports cli, jsonlite, rlang, ellmer
<b>Depends</b> R (>= $4.1.0$ )
LazyData true
Suggests rmarkdown, testthat (>= 3.0.0)
Config/testthat/edition 3
JRL https://github.com/anuopensci/emend,
https://anuopensci.github.io/emend/
BugReports https://github.com/anuopensci/emend/issues
NeedsCompilation no
Author Emi Tanaka [aut, cph] ( <a href="https://orcid.org/0000-0002-1455-259X">https://orcid.org/0009-0003-7143-9336&gt;)</a> )
Maintainer Jiajia Li <lijia970324@gmail.com></lijia970324@gmail.com>
Repository CRAN
<b>Date/Publication</b> 2025-04-01 16:20:02 UTC
Contents
airbnb_listings       2         alcohol       5         consumer       6

2 airbnb\_listings

emend_clean_address	(
emend_clean_date	7
emend_fct_match	8
emend_fct_reorder	8
emend_lvl_match	9
emend_lvl_unique	10
emend_translate	10
emend_what_language	11
get_default_chat	12
hotel	12
likerts	13
messy	13
recipes	14
registration	14
restaurant	15
salary	15
	1

airbnb\_listings

Airbnb listings and reviews

## **Description**

A sample dataset of Airbnb listings and reviews of properties from Sydney, Australia.

## Usage

Index

```
airbnb_listings
airbnb_reviews
```

## **Format**

airbnb\_listings:

A data.frame with 1623 rows and 68 columns

id Airbnb's unique identifier for the listing.

name Name of the listing.

**description** Detailed description of the listing.

neighborhood\_overview Host's description of the neighbourhood.

picture\_url URL to the Airbnb hosted regular sized image for the listing.

**host\_id** Airbnb's unique identifier for the host/user.

**host\_name** Name of the host. Usually just the first name(s).

**host\_since** The date the host/user was created. For hosts that are Airbnb guests this could be the date they registered as a guest.

host\_location The host's self reported location.

airbnb\_listings 3

**host\_about** Description about the host.

host\_response\_time The time interval between when a host responds to an inquiry from a guest.

host\_response\_rate Percentage of inquiries from potential guests that are responded to by hosts.

host\_acceptance\_rate That rate at which a host accepts booking requests.

**host\_is\_superhost** Whether the host is a super host or not.

host\_thumbnail\_url A thumbnail of the host.

**host\_picture\_url** A URL to the picture of the host.

**host\_neighbourhood** The host neighbourhood.

**host\_listings\_count** The number of listings the host has.

**host\_total\_listings\_count** The number of listings the host has.

host verifications Host communication verifications.

host\_has\_profile\_pic Whether the host has a profile pic.

host identity verified Whether the host has their identity verified.

**neighbourhood\_cleansed** The neighbourhood as geocoded using the latitude and longitude against neighborhoods as defined by open or public digital shapefiles.

latitude Uses the World Geodetic System (WGS84) projection for latitude and longitude.

**longitude** Uses the World Geodetic System (WGS84) projection for latitude and longitude.

**property\_type** Self selected property type. Hotels and Bed and Breakfasts are described as such by their hosts in this field.

room\_type Entire home/apt, Private room, Shared room, or Hotel. Entire places are best if you're seeking a home away from home. With an entire place, you'll have the whole space to yourself. This usually includes a bedroom, a bathroom, a kitchen, and a separate, dedicated entrance. Hosts should note in the description if they'll be on the property or not (ex: "Host occupies first floor of the home"), and provide further details on the listing. Private rooms are great for when you prefer a little privacy, and still value a local connection. When you book a private room, you'll have your own private room for sleeping and may share some spaces with others. You might need to walk through indoor spaces that another host or guest may occupy to get to your room. Shared rooms are for when you don't mind sharing a space with others. When you book a shared room, you'll be sleeping in a space that is shared with others and share the entire space with other people. Shared rooms are popular among flexible travelers looking for new friends and budget-friendly stays.

accommodates The maximum capacity of the listing.

bathrooms The number of bathrooms in the listing.

**bathrooms\_text** The text of the number of bathsroom in the listings.

**bedrooms** The number of bedrooms.

**beds** The number of bed(s).

amenities The amenities.

**price** Daily price in local currency.

minimum\_nights Minimum number of night stay for the listing.

maximum nights Maximum number of night stay for the listing.

**minimum\_minimum\_nights** The smallest minimum\_night value from the calender (looking 365 nights in the future).

**maximum\_minimum\_nights** The largest minimum\_night value from the calender (looking 365 nights in the future).

4 airbnb\_listings

**minimum\_maximum\_nights** The smallest maximum\_night value from the calender (looking 365 nights in the future).

**maximum\_maximum\_nights** The largest maximum\_night value from the calender (looking 365 nights in the future).

**minimum\_nights\_avg\_ntm** The average minimum\_night value from the calender (looking 365 nights in the future).

**maximum\_nights\_avg\_ntm** The average maximum\_night value from the calender (looking 365 nights in the future).

has\_availability Whether there is availability or not.

availability\_30 The availability of the listing x days in the future as determined by the calendar. Note a listing may not be available because it has been booked by a guest or blocked by the host.

availability\_60

availability\_90

availability 365

number\_of\_reviews The number of reviews the listing has.

**number of reviews ltm** The number of reviews the listing has (in the last 12 months).

number\_of\_reviews\_130d The number of reviews the listing has (in the last 30 days).

first\_review The date of the first/oldest review.

last review The date of the last/newest review.

review\_scores\_rating The review score for ratings of the listing.

**review\_scores\_accuracy** The review score for accuracy of the listing.

**review\_scores\_cleanliness** The review score for cleanliness of the listing.

**review\_scores\_checkin** The review score for checkin experience of the listing.

review\_scores\_communication The review score for communication of the listing.

**review\_scores\_location** The review score for location of the listing.

review\_scores\_value The review score for value of the listing.

**license** The licence/permit/registration number.

**instant\_bookable** Whether the guest can automatically book the listing without the host requiring to accept their booking request. An indicator of a commercial listing.

**calculated\_host\_listings\_count** The number of listings the host has in the current scrape, in the city/region geography.

**calculated\_host\_listings\_count\_entire\_homes** The number of Entire home/apt listings the host has in the current scrape, in the city/region geography.

**calculated\_host\_listings\_count\_private\_rooms** The number of Private room listings the host has in the current scrape, in the city/region geography.

**calculated\_host\_listings\_count\_shared\_rooms** The number of Shared room listings the host has in the current scrape, in the city/region geography.

**reviews\_per\_month** The average number of reviews per month the listing has over the lifetime of the listing.

airbnb\_reviews:

A data.frame with 5679 rows and 6 columns

**listing\_id** Unique identifier for the listing

alcohol 5

```
    id Unique identifier for the review
    date Date of the review
    reviewer_id Unique identifier for the reviewer
    reviewer_name Name of the reviewer
    comments Text of the review
```

#### **Source**

https://insideairbnb.com/get-the-data/

alcohol

Alcohol warehouse and retail sales

## **Description**

```
year Year
month Month
supplier Supplier
item_code Item code
item_description Item description
item_type Item type
retail_sales Retail sales
retail_transfers Retail transfers
```

warehouse\_sales Warehouse sales

## Usage

alcohol

## **Format**

An object of class spec\_tbl\_df (inherits from tbl\_df, tbl, data.frame) with 1000 rows and 9 columns.

#### **Source**

https://catalog.data.gov/dataset/warehouse-and-retail-sales

consumer

Amazon consumer reviews

#### **Description**

A sample of reviews from Amazon in the applicances category.

#### Usage

consumer

#### **Format**

A data frame with 4549 rows and 11 columns

overall Overall rating of the product.

verified Whether the reviewer is verified or not.

review\_date Review date.

review\_id A unique identifier of the reviewer.

reviewer\_name The name of the reviewer.

review\_text The text of the review.

summary Summary of the review.

vote\_helpful The number of helpful votes of the review.

image The images that the reviewer post after they receive the product.

## Source

emend\_clean\_address

Standardise address format

#### **Description**

This function standardise inconsistent address formats to a standard format.

## Usage

```
emend_clean_address(address_vector, chat = get_default_chat())
```

#### **Arguments**

address\_vector A character vector that is assumed to be addresses.

chat A chat object defined by ellmer.

emend\_clean\_date 7

#### Value

A character vector with converted addresses.

#### **Examples**

emend\_clean\_date

Standardise date format

#### **Description**

This function standardise inconsistent date formats.

## Usage

```
emend_clean_date(dates_vector, chat = get_default_chat())
```

#### **Arguments**

dates\_vector A character vector that is assumed to be dates.

chat A chat object defined by ellmer.

#### Value

A vector of Date objects.

#### **Examples**

8 emend\_fct\_reorder

 ${\tt emend\_fct\_match}$ 

Match input factor to specified levels.

## Description

Match input factor to specified levels.

#### Usage

```
emend_fct_match(.f, levels = NULL, chat = get_default_chat())
```

## **Arguments**

.f A factor.

levels The levels of the factor

chat A chat object defined by ellmer.

#### Value

A factor with levels matching the provided levels argument.

## **Examples**

```
chat <- ellmer::chat_ollama(model = "llama3.1:8b", seed = 0, echo = "none")
emend_fct_match(messy$country, levels = c("UK", "USA", "Canada", "Australia", "NZ"), chat = chat)</pre>
```

emend\_fct\_reorder

Reorder the levels of the input factor in a meaningful way.

## **Description**

Reorder the levels of the input factor in a meaningful way.

## Usage

```
emend_fct_reorder(.f, chat = get_default_chat())
```

#### **Arguments**

.f A vector of characters or a factor.

chat A chat object defined by ellmer.

emend\_lvl\_match 9

## Value

A factor with standardized category labels.

#### **Examples**

```
chat <- ellmer::chat_ollama(model = "llama3.1:8b", seed = 0, echo = "none")
emend_fct_reorder(likerts$likert1, chat = chat) |> levels()
```

emend\_lvl\_match

Match the input factor to supplied levels.

## **Description**

Match the input factor to supplied levels.

## Usage

```
emend_lvl_match(.f, levels = NULL, chat = get_default_chat())
```

## Arguments

.f A vector of characters or a factor.

levels The levels of the factor.

chat The chat object defined by ellmer.

#### Value

A named character vector of standardised category labels, with the class "emend\_lvl\_match". The names correspond to the original messy categories, and the values are the cleaned versions.

## Examples

10 emend\_translate

emend\_lvl\_unique

Get the unique levels of messy categorical data

#### **Description**

The returned value is a vector. The LLM will return full names instead of abbreviations. You can use this functions to clean up your categorical data and obtain unique levels. Double check if the output from LLM is true to your data. This function is generally suitable for categories, not working well with sentences and too many categories.

## Usage

```
emend_lvl_unique(.f, chat = get_default_chat())
```

## Arguments

.f A vector of characters or a factor.chat A chat object defined by ellmer.

## Value

A character vector of standardised category names.

## **Examples**

```
options(ellmer_timeout_s = 3600)
chat <- ellmer::chat_ollama(model = "llama3.1:8b", seed = 0, echo = "none")
emend_lvl_unique(messy$country, chat = chat)</pre>
```

emend\_translate

Translate text from one language to another.

## **Description**

Translate text from one language to another.

## Usage

```
emend_translate(text, to = "English", chat = get_default_chat())
```

#### **Arguments**

text The text to translate.

to The language to translate to. The default is "English".

chat An ellmer Chat object.

emend\_what\_language 11

## Value

A character vector of translated text.

## **Examples**

emend\_what\_language

Identify the language in the text.

## **Description**

Identify the language in the text.

## Usage

```
emend_what_language(text, chat = get_default_chat())
```

### **Arguments**

text A string or a factor that contains text information.

chat A chat object defined by ellmer

## Value

A character vector of language names.

## **Examples**

```
 chat <- ellmer::chat_ollama(model = "llama3.1:8b", seed = 0, echo = "none") \\ emend_what_language(c("\u733F\u3082\u6728\u304B\u3089\u843D\u3061\u308B", \\ "\u4F60\u597D", "bon appetit"), chat = chat)
```

12 hotel

get\_default\_chat

Get or create the default chat object

## Description

Get or create the default chat object

## Usage

```
get_default_chat()
```

## Value

A Chat object.

hotel

Hotel reviews

## Description

A sample review of hotels.

## Usage

hotel

#### **Format**

A data.frame with 13,193 rows and 8 columns

reviewer\_name The name of the reviewer.

reviewer\_nationality The nationality of the reviewer.

reviewer\_rating Reviewer's rating.

review\_date Date of the review.

review\_title Title of the review.

review\_text Text of the review.

hotel\_name Name of the hotel being reviewed.

avg\_rating Average rating of the hotel.

#### **Source**

https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/nikitaryabukhin/reviewshotel

likerts 13

likerts

A collection of different likert scales

## Description

A data set containing 9 different likert scales.

## Usage

likerts

#### **Format**

A data.frame with 40 rows and 9 columns

likert1 A 7-point agreeableness likert scale.

likert2 A 5-point agreeableness likert scale.

**likert3** A 5-point agreeableness likert scale as a sentence.

**likert4** A 5-point frequency likert scale.

**likert5** A 5-point rating likert scale.

likert6 A 5-point likelihood likert scale.

likert7 A 5-point likert scale.

likert8 A 5-point satisfaction likert scale.

likert9 A 6-point priority likert scale.

messy

A collection of messy inputs

## **Description**

A synthetic dataset that contains inputs with some common standardisation issues.

#### Usage

messy

#### **Format**

A list of 3 character vectors

country A character vector of countries.

suburb A character vector of suburbs in Australia with various typos.

school A character vector of schools or college (with typos) at the Australian National University.

14 registration

recipes

Recipes

#### **Description**

A sample of 200 recipes.

#### Usage

recipes

#### **Format**

A data.frame with 200 rows and 7 columns.

name The name of the dish.

ingredients The list of ingredients.

url The URL of the recipe.

image An image of the dish.

cook\_time Cooking time.

prep\_time Preperation time.

**servings** The number of servings in text.

#### Source

https://github.com/jakevdp/open-recipe-data/tree/main

registration

Registration data for workshops

## **Description**

A dataset containing registration information for a series of workshops The dataset includes columns for workshop name, affiliation, and the cleaned affiliation by hand.

### Usage

registration

#### **Format**

A data frame with 221 rows and 3 columns:

Workshop Character: Workshop name and time. **Affiliation** Character: Affiliation input by participants.

GroundTruth Character: The cleaned affiliation type, cleaned manually by author.

restaurant 15

#### Source

Real registration data from the Biological Data Science Institute, Australian National University.

restaurant

Review of Iori restaurant

## Description

Iori is a Japanese restaurant in Canberra, Australia. The data contains a sample of 20 reviews from Google maps.

#### Usage

restaurant

#### **Format**

A data frame with 20 rows and 2 columns

**review** The text of the review.

rating A rating out of 5.

salary

Ask A Manager Salary Survey 2021

## **Description**

Ask A Manager Salary Survey 2021

#### Usage

salary

#### **Format**

A data.frame with 28,083 rows and 18 columns

**timestamp** The timestampe of response.

age Age cateogry. "How old are you?"

industry Categorical but respondents can enter text for Other. "What industry do you work in?"

job\_title Text entry. "Job title"

job\_title\_context Text entry. "If your job title needs additional context, please clarify here:"

**salary\_annual** Text entry. "What is your annual salary? (You'll indicate the currency in a later question. If you are part-time or hourly, please enter an annualized equivalent – what you would earn if you worked the job 40 hours a week, 52 weeks a year.)"

16 salary

salarly\_additional Text entry. "How much additional monetary compensation do you get, if any (for example, bonuses or overtime in an average year)? Please only include monetary compensation here, not the value of benefits."

currency Categorical entry. "Please indicate the currency"

currency\_other Text entry. "If "Other," please indicate the currency here:"

salary\_context Text entry. "If your income needs additional context, please provide it here:"

country Text entry. "What country do you work in?"

state Categorical entry. "If you're in the U.S., what state do you work in?"

city Text entry. "What city do you work in?"

experience\_overall Categorical entry. "How many years of professional work experience do you have overall?"

experience\_in\_field Categorical entry. "How many years of professional work experience do you have in your field?"

education Categorical entry."What is your highest level of education completed?"

gender Categorical entry. "What is your gender?"

race Multiselect entry. "What is your race? (Choose all that apply.)"

#### **Source**

https://www.askamanager.org/2021/04/how-much-money-do-you-make-4.html

## **Index**

```
* datasets
    airbnb_listings, 2
    alcohol, 5
    consumer, 6
    hotel, 12
    likerts, 13
    messy, 13
    recipes, 14
     registration, 14
     restaurant, 15
     salary, 15
\verb|airbnb_listings|, 2
airbnb_reviews (airbnb_listings), 2
alcohol, 5
consumer, 6
emend_clean_address, 6
emend_clean_date, 7
emend_fct_match, 8
emend_fct_reorder, 8
emend_lvl_match, 9
\verb"emend_lvl_unique", \frac{10}{}
emend_translate, 10
{\tt emend\_what\_language}, 11
\verb"get_default_chat", \frac{12}{}
hotel, 12
likerts, 13
messy, 13
recipes, 14
registration, 14
restaurant, 15
salary, 15
```